Susterra® Propanediol PU Applications



Performance is in our nature.



Who is DuPont Tate & Lyle?

DTL is a joint venture formed in 2004 between DuPont and Tate & Lyle to produce 1,3 propanediol (PDO) from corn starch, a sustainable & renewable resource



DuPont is a world leader in science and innovation across a range of disciplines, including agriculture and industrial biotechnology, chemistry, biology, materials science and manufacturing. CY2015 revenues were \$35 billion.

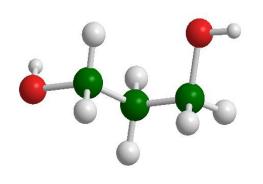


Tate and Lyle is a global provider of renewable ingredients, solutions and services to the food, beverage and industrial customers.

Revenues were \$4.3 billion for Fiscal Year ending March 31, 2015.







What is it?

- A pure, petroleum-free derived glycol
- 100% sustainably and renewably sourced
- Used in a range of applications



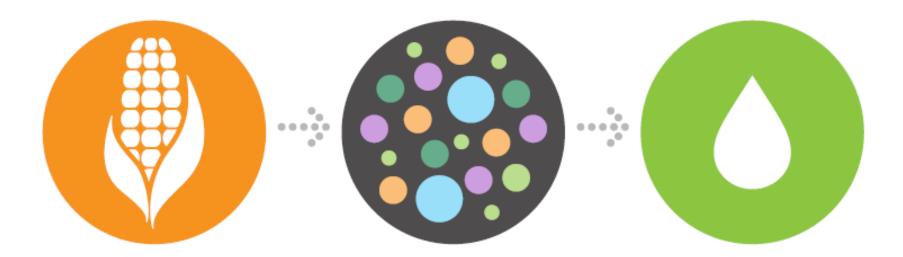
How is it made?

- Made by a fermentation process derived from glucose
- Made in the USA
- USDA 100% Certified Bio-Based Product



Process Technology

Renewably sourced feedstocks are harvested, fermented, and refined to manufacture Susterra® propanediol.



Harvest

Renewably sourced feedstocks are harvested, dried and then wet-milled to create a range of carbohydrate rich feedstocks such as glucose.

Fermentation

Glucose is converted into 1,3 propanediol using a patented microorganism under exact temperatures and conditions.

Refining

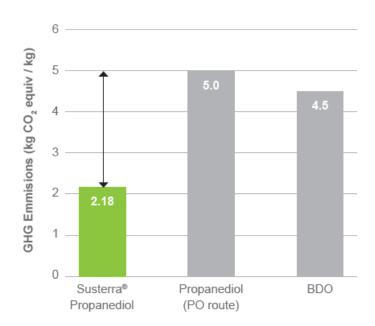
The 1,3 propanediol is refined to a final purity of 99.7% by deactivating and removing the microorganism, water, and other byproducts.



Life Cycle Analysis

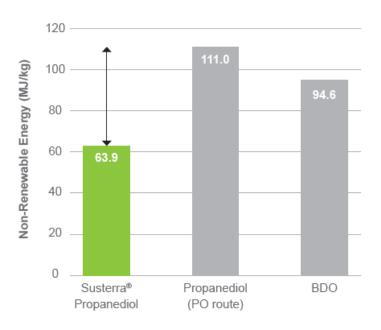
Susterra® propanediol

From "cradle to gate" (extraction and production prior to delivery to the consumer), Susterra® propanediol produces 56% less greenhouse gas emissions and consumes 42% less nonrenewable energy than propylene oxide-based propanediol. Compared with butanediol (BDO), Susterra® propanediol produces 52% less greenhouse gas emissions and uses 32% less nonrenewable energy from cradle to gate.



Greenhouse Gas Emissions

56% less than Propanediol 52% less than BDO



Non-Renewable Energy Use

42% less than Propanediol 32% less than BDO



Production – Loudon, TN

Biotechnology enables a stable supply of renewably sourced 1,3 propanediol



Awards

- 2003 EPA Presidential Green Chemistry Award
- 2007 ACS Heroes of Chemistry Award
- 2009 ACS-BIOT Industrial Biotechnology Award
- 2010 State of Tennessee Governor's Award for Trade Excellence

Production

- Started November 2006
- Capacity expanded 35% in 2010
- Current Capacity = 140 million lb.



Key Applications

Susterra® propanediol: A high performance, bio-based building block for polyurethane applications



Footwear

- TPU elastomers
- TPU waterproof breathable films
- PU foams
- Hot melt adhesives
- PU synthetic leather



Performance Textiles

- TPU waterproof breathable films
- PU synthetic leather (i.e. accessories)



Furniture and Automotive

- TPU elastomers
- PU foam
- Hot melt adhesives
- PU synthetic leather



Key Applications

Susterra® propanediol: A high performance, bio-based building block for polyurethane CASE applications



Elastomers

- Cast parts
- Molded and extruded TPUs
- TPEs



Coatings

- PUD coatings
- Coatings for electronics, woods, concrete floors
- Synthetic leather skin coats



Adhesives

- Construction
- Textile (i.e. carpet backing)
- Tapes
- Solvent borne



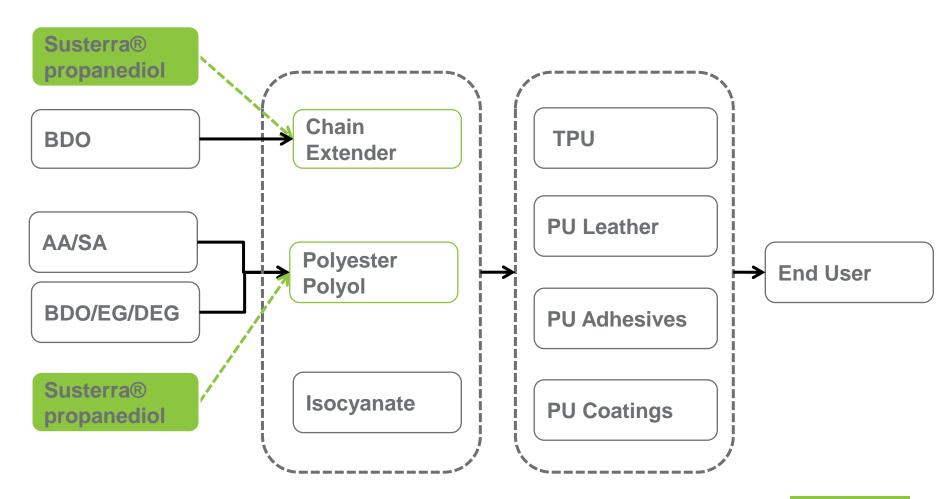
Diol comparison – chemical structure and property comparison

Common	Ingredient	CAS#	Formula	Structure	MW	BP, °C	MP, °C	Density
Ethylene Glycol	1,2-Ethanediol	107-21-1	C2H602	НО	62.1	197.6	-12.7	1.116
Propylene Glycol	1,2-Propanediol	57-55-6	C3H802	НО	76.1	187.3	-60	1.038
Propanediol	1,3-Propanediol	504-63-2	C3H802	но	76.1	214	-24	1.053
MPDiol	2-Methyl-1,3- Propanediol	2163-42-0	C4H10O2	HOOH	90.1	221	-91	1.015
1,4 BDO	1,4-Butanediol	110-63-4	C4H10O2	но	90.1	230	16	1.017
Neopentyl Glycol	2,2-Dimethyl-1,3- Propanediol	126-30-7	C5H12O2	но	104.1	208	127	-~1.05
DEG	Diethylene Glyco	111-46-6	C4H10O3	но	106.1	245	-10	1.118
Hexylene Glycol	2-Methyl-2,4- Pentanediol	107-41-5	C6H14O2	OH	118.2	197	-40	0.925
DPG	Dipropylene Glycol	25265-71-8	C6H14O3	H ₃ C OH OH CH ₃	134.17	231		1.023



Polyurethane Production

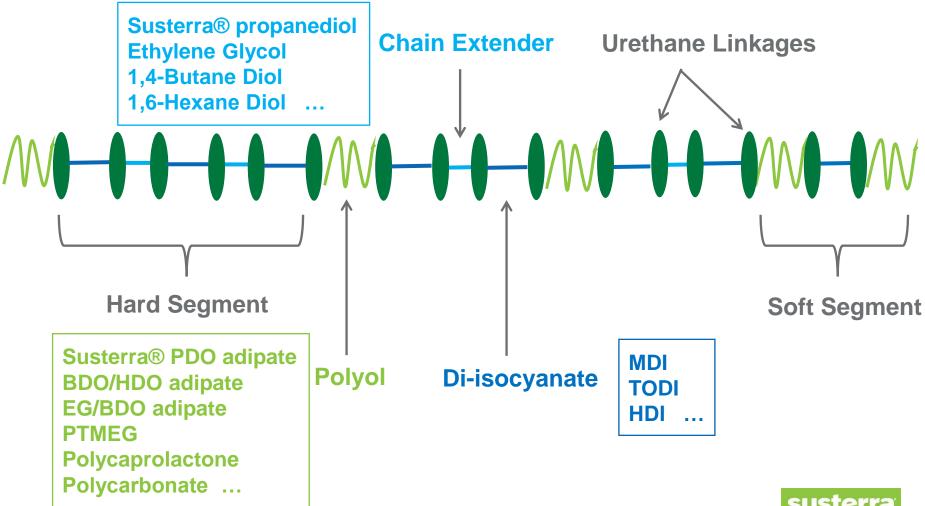
Susterra® propanediol can be used as a chain extender or polyol





TPU Polymer Structure

A versatile polymer chemistry



Structural Differences and the Odd-Even Effect

The odd even effect varies the packing of the hard block segments, and results in unique mechanical properties of the final product.

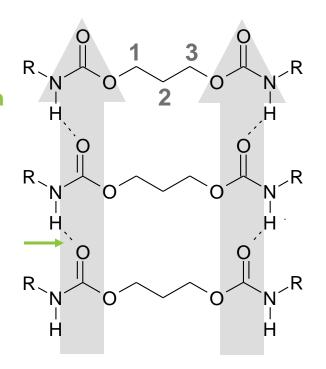
1,3 PDO hard block

1,4 BDO hard block

Dipole induces bending and strain

Long hydrogen bond

12



Staggered packing gives no dipole

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Susterra® Propanediol Chain Extender for TPU



Elastomer physical properties for polyester TPU Chain Extender Example with AA/BDO (2000MW) polyol

TPU (One shot)	Unit	BDOAA +PDO	BDOAA +BDO
Hardness	Shore A	95	95
Tensile strength	MPA	43	46
Tear strength	KN/M	115	143
Abrasion	mm3	35	36
Elongation	%	394	370
Compression set	70°C/22hr	36	35
Rebound	%	40	35
Compression set	100°C/24hr	43	41
Melt index(200c/5kg)	g/10min	13	2

For TPUs of the same hardness where the hard segment is greater than 50% PDO as a chain extender enhances:

- Transparency
- Rebound
- Flexibility



Elastomer physical properties for polyester TPU Chain Extender Example with AA/BDO/EG polyol

Polyol Chain Extender	AA/BDO/EG BDO	AA/BDO/EG PDO
Yellow Index	5.3	6.0
Hardness, Shore A	67	67
MI g/10min (190°C/5kg)	74	43
Tensile Strength (MPa)	17	20
Elongation at break (%)	770	682
100% Modulus (MPa)	2.4	3.9
200% Modulus (MPa)	5.3	7.3
300% Modulus (MPa)	6.8	9.5
Die C Tear strength (KN/m)	66	68
Compression set, 23°C (%)	45	40
Abrasion resistance (mm3)	38	39
Molding time (sec)	30	20
Tg by DSC (°C)	-38	-38
Tm by DSC (°C)	140	177

For TPUs of the same hardness where the hardness is less than 70, PDO enhances flexibility and may shorten molding times.



Elastomer physical properties for polyester TPU Chain Extender Example with AA/BDO/EG polyol

Polyol Chain Extender	AA/BDO/EG BDO	AA/BDO/EG PDO
Yellow Index	5.3	6.0
Hardness, Shore A	67	67
MI g/10min (190°C/5kg)	74	43
Tensile Strength (MPa)	17	20
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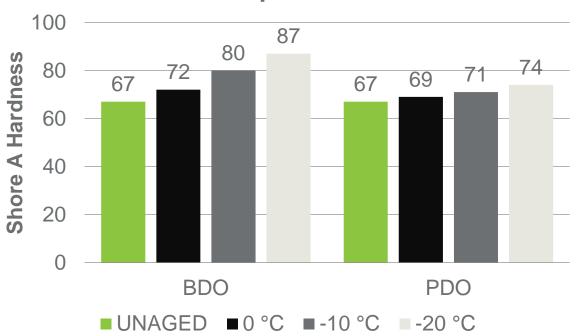


Processing Comparison Dimensions: 120mm(L) 50mm(W) 4mm(H)



Elastomer physical properties for polyester TPU Chain Extender Example with AA/BDO/EG polyol

Low Temperature Test

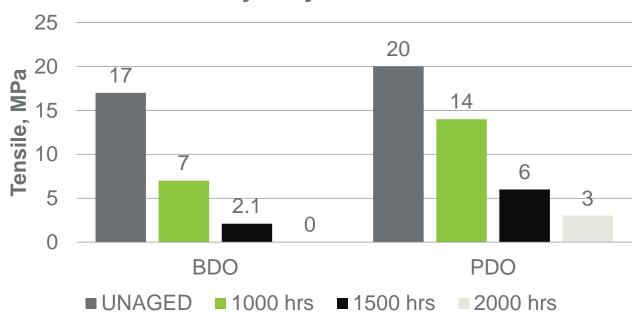


In this example when PDO is used as the chain extender the hardness of the TPU sample remains lower after exposure to low temperatures indicating improved flexibility.



Elastomer physical properties for polyester TPU Chain Extender Example with AA/BDO/EG polyol

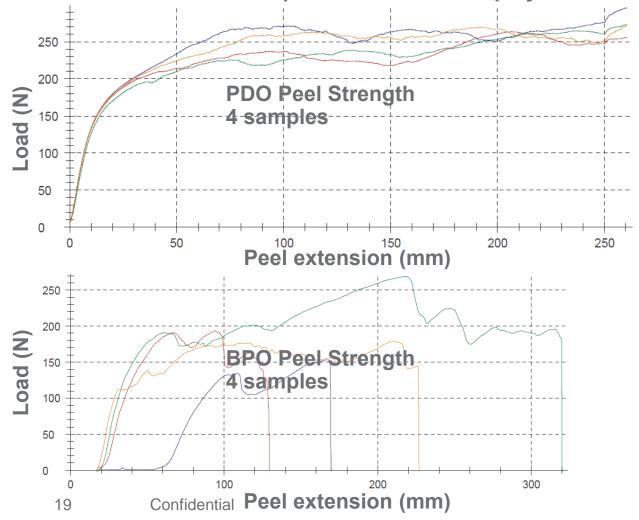




In this example when PDO is used as the chain extender the tensile properties of the TPU sample remain higher after exposure to water.



Elastomer physical properties for polyester TPU Chain Extender Example with AA/BDO/EG polyol



As the hardness of the TPU decreases and PDO is used as the chain extender the Tm increases.

For TPUs of the same hardness the higher Tm will lead to better adhesion during over molding.



Susterra® Propandiol Polyol for TPU

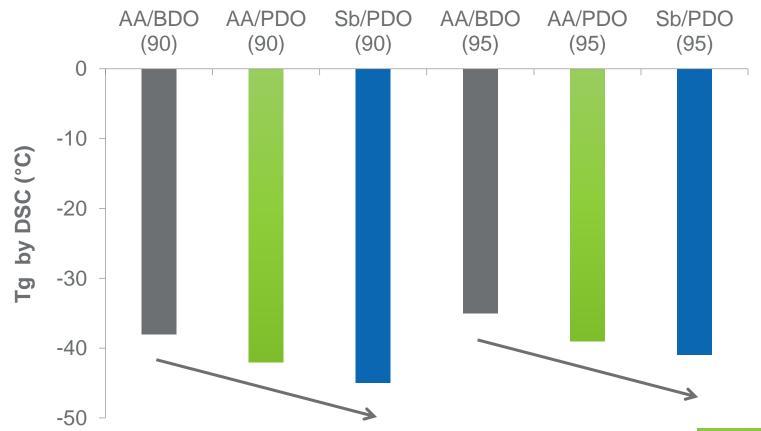
Elastomer physical properties for polyester TPU

Polyol (2000Mw) Chain Extender	AA/BDO BDO	AA/PDO BDO	Sb/PDO BDO	AA/BDO BDO	AA/PDO BDO	Sb/PDO BDO
Bio content(%)	0	25	50	0	20	45
Hardness, Shore A	90	90	90	95	95	95
Tensile Strength (psi)	4691	4305	5054	4905	4691	5305
Elongation at break (%)	614	678	654	581	646	638
100% Modulus (psi)	949	1139	1068	962	967	1121
200% Modulus (psi)	1372	1516	1383	1504	1378	1596
400% Modulus (psi)	2736	2517	2910	2873	2536	2613
Die C Tear strength (lbf/in)	801	850	838	925	931	950
Compression set, 23°C (%)	25	35	20	20	30	20
Bayshore rebound (%)	43	40	49	40	38	45
Abrasion resistance	25	35	20	20	30	20
Demolding time(sec)	30	40	25	25	35	20
Tg by DSC (°C)	-38	-40	-42	-37	-42	-45

Hardness segment concentration = 40% (90A), 45% (95A) and index is 0.98

Flexibility at low temperatures

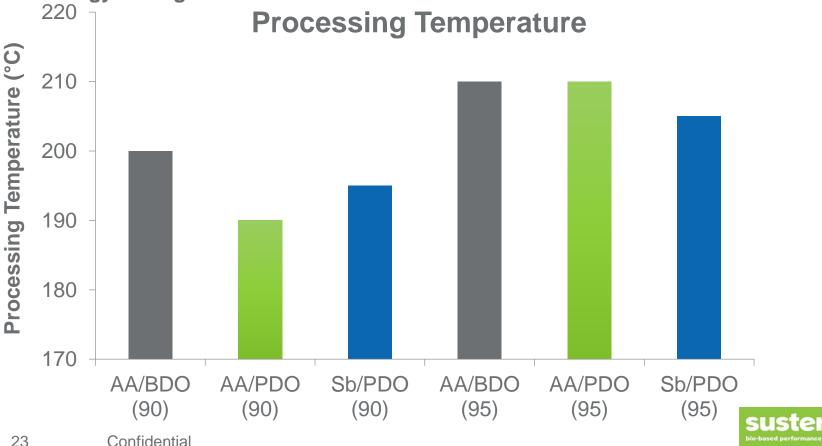
• The glass transition temperature (Tg) of TPUs manufactured with Susterra® propanediol indicates improved flexibility at lower temperatures





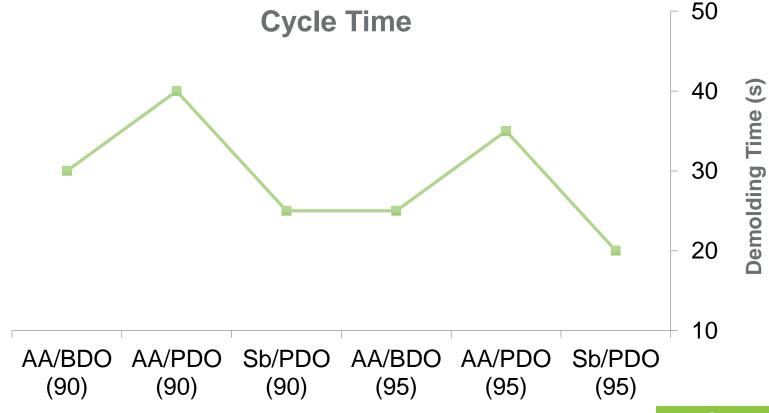
Processing Comparison

 Susterra® propanediol and Sebasic acid TPU samples demonstrated lower processing temperatures which may lead to improved processing and energy savings for TPU manufacturers



Processing Comparison

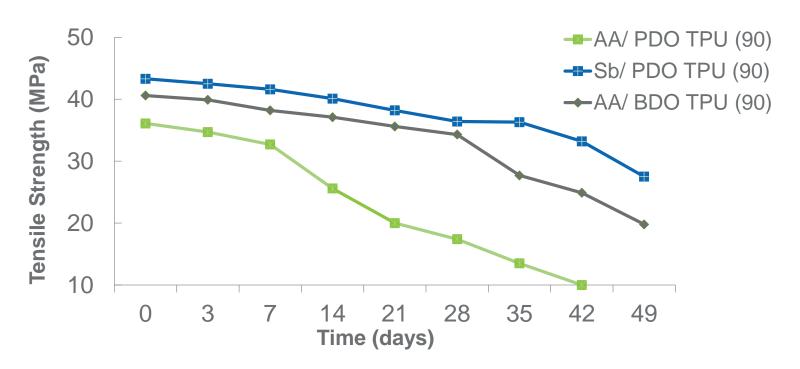
 Susterra® propanediol and Sebasic acid TPU samples demonstrated faster demolding times which may lead to cycle time improvements for TPU manufacturers





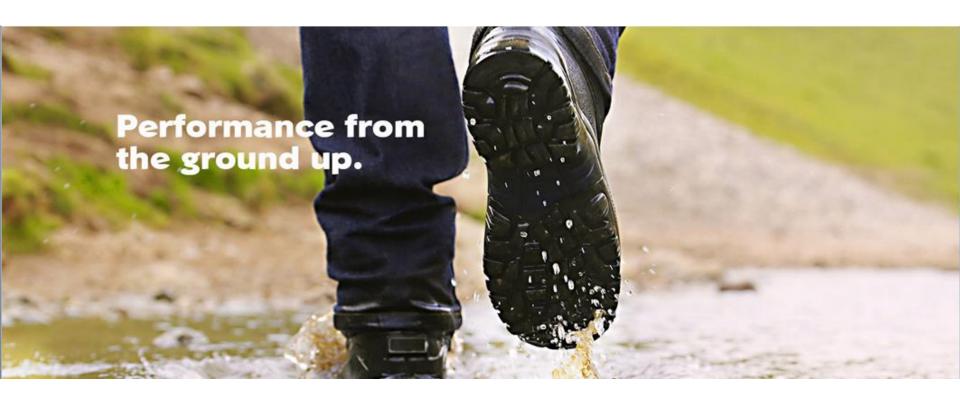
Hydrolysis Comparison

 Susterra® propanediol and Sebasic acid TPU samples showed better hydrolysis results over time compared to BDO and PDO samples combined with Adipic acid





Polyurethanes and Thermoplastic Polyurethanes



- Improved flexibility at low temperatures
- Enhanced processing with shorter demolding times
- Excellent adhesion
- Softness and transparency

Performance is in our nature.

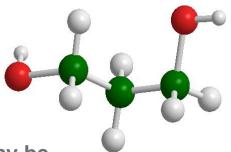


PO3G Polymerizing Susterra® propanediol for use as a polyol



Polyurethanes and Thermoplastic Polyurethanes





 \rightarrow H $\left[O \right]_{C}^{C} \left[O \right]_{n}^{OH}$

Susterra® propanediol may be polymerized to form PO3G which may be used as 100% bio-based polyol.

Polytrimethylene ether polyol (PTMEPOL or PO3G)

PO3G or PTMEPOL is not a DuPont Tate & Lyle product. Third parties license a DuPont technology in order to manufacture and sell PO3G as separate entities.



For more property information on PO3G please contact Allessa or SK Chemicals



Bio-based PO3G TPU: The customer's requirements and challenges

Customer's requirements

- Bio-content.
- Mechanical performance
- Improved performance
- Product appearance
- Sustainability

The challenges

- To improve the bio-content.
- Keep excellent mechanical performance and discover other advantages.
- Competitive pricing
- Promote environmental awareness and market demand

Bio-based PO3G TPU Advantages:

- Excellent mechanical properties
 (Tensile Strength >35MPa)
- Excellent abrasion (Abrasion < 40mm³)
- Low temperature flexibility (Tg < -30°C)
- Bio-content (0-60%)

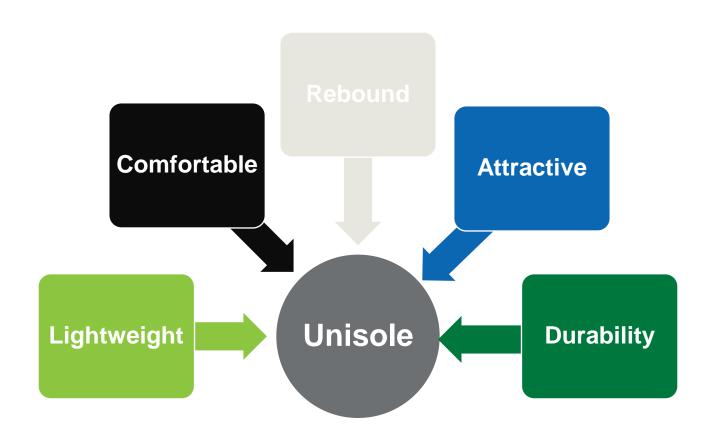
Mechanical and processing properties can comparable with petroleum-based TPUs such as PTMEG



Elastomer physical properties for PO3G polyether TPU

Polyol Chain Extender	PTMEG BDO	PO3G BDO	PTMEG BDO	PO3G BDO	PTMEG BDO	PO3G BDO
Bio content(%)	0	60	0	50	0	45
Hardness, Shore A	75	75	85	85	95	95
Tensile Strength (psi)	4126	4054	4554	4305	5391	5305
Elongation at break (%)	689	737	654	681	514	578
100% Modulus (psi)	320	387	1168	962	1449	1339
200% Modulus (psi)	648	621	1583	1475	1972	1816
400% Modulus (psi)	1327	1071	2610	2573	2836	2833
Die C Tear strength (lbf/in)	380	457	638	675	501	550
Compression set, 23°C (%)	30	35	30	32	25	30
Bayshore rebound (%)	55	58	49	53	35	38
Abrasion resistance	52	55	45	48	33	35
Demolding time	120	90	60	45	35	30
Ross flex(cycle/-20°C)	65000	70000	60000	65000	50000	55000
Tg by DSC (°C)	-45	-51	-40	-47	-38	-40

Polyether TPUs manufactured with PO3G may offer excellent characteristics to the end user.





Polyether TPUs manufactured with PO3G may offer excellent characteristics to the end user.

- Unisole combines midsole and outsole, thus requiring both good mechanical strength and softness/rebound resilience as well as low compression set
- When using conventional low VA EVA, the prepared foam with higher density (> 0.2g/cm³) cannot provide good softness, resilience and compression set, while the foam of low density (<0.2 g/cm³) cannot maintain sufficient mechanical strength

TPUs manufactured with PO3G based on Susterra® propanediol strike an excellent balance between mechanical strength and softness/resilience/CS at an ideal density (0.2~0.25 g/cm³)





Foam properties of unisoles manufactured with PO3G polyether TPUs

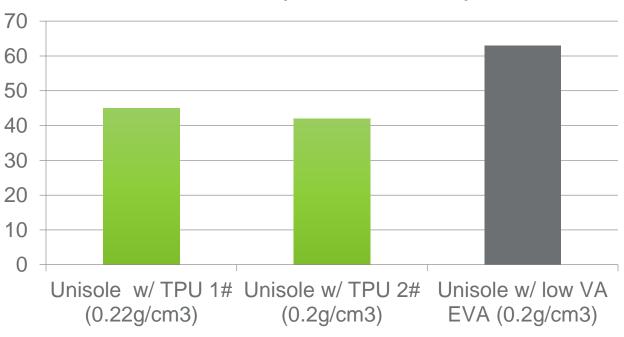
Samples	Unisole w/ TPU 1# (0.22g/cm3)	Unisole w/ TPU 2# (0.2g/cm3)	Test method
Specific Gravity (g/cm³)	0.22	0.2	ASTM 3574
Hardness (Asker °C)	45	42	
Compression set (%)	35	40	ASTM 3574
Resilience (%)	63	61	ASTM 3574
Tensile (kg/cm²)	28.4	26.1	ASTM D412, Die C
Elongation (%)	463	401	ASTM D412, Die C
Split Tear (180°, kg/cm)	3.5	3.2	ASTM 3574

The TPUs foams
manufactured with
PO3G based on
Susterra®
propanediol
preserve good
mechanical
strength

Note: It is recommended that anti-abrasion agents (e.g., organosilicone compound) should be used for the purpose of attributing abrasion resistance to unisole

Foam properties of unisoles manufactured with PO3G polyether TPUs

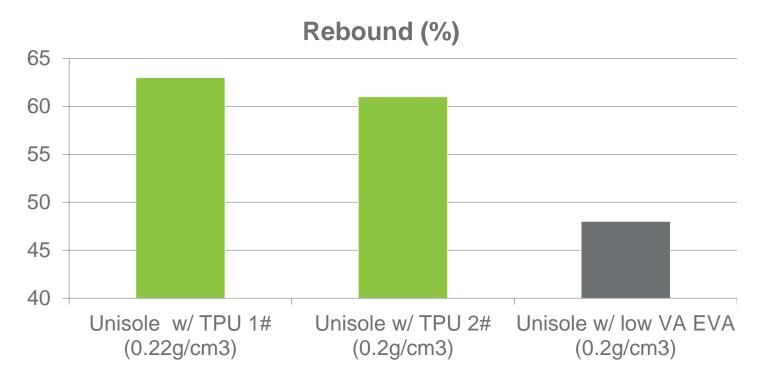




TPUs manufactured with PO3G based on Susterra® propanediol are softer compared to low VA EVA foams with the same or lower density.



Foam properties of unisoles manufactured with PO3G polyether TPUs

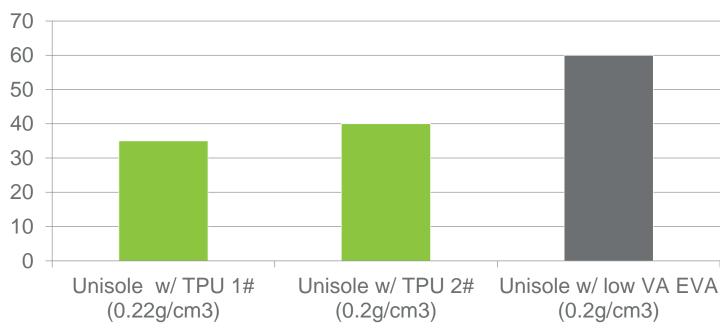


TPUs manufactured with PO3G based on Susterra® propanediol provide excellent melt strength which may ensure a finer and more stable cell structure which can lead to higher resilience.



Foam properties of unisoles manufactured with PO3G polyether TPUs

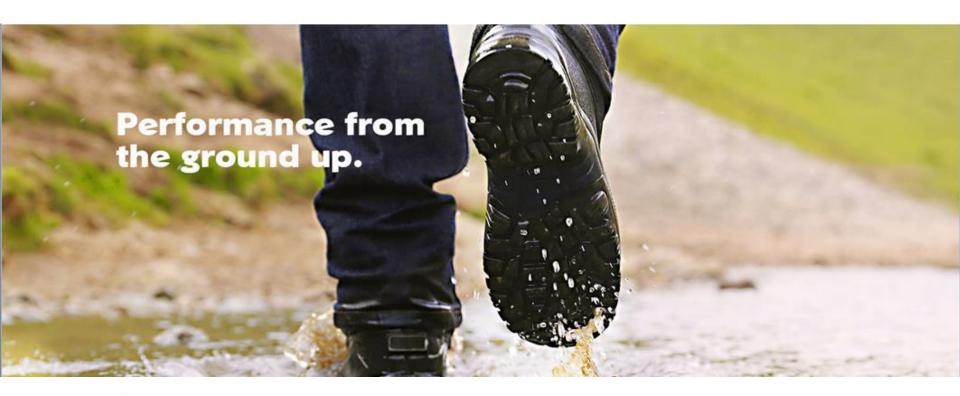




The foams containing TPUs manufactured with PO3G based on Susterra® propanediol have finer and more stable cell structures leading to lower compression set



Polyurethanes and Thermoplastic Polyurethanes



- Improved flexibility at low temperatures
- Enhanced processing with shorter demolding times
- Excellent adhesion
- Softness and transparency

Performance is in our nature.





Laurie Kronenberg

Global Marketing Director

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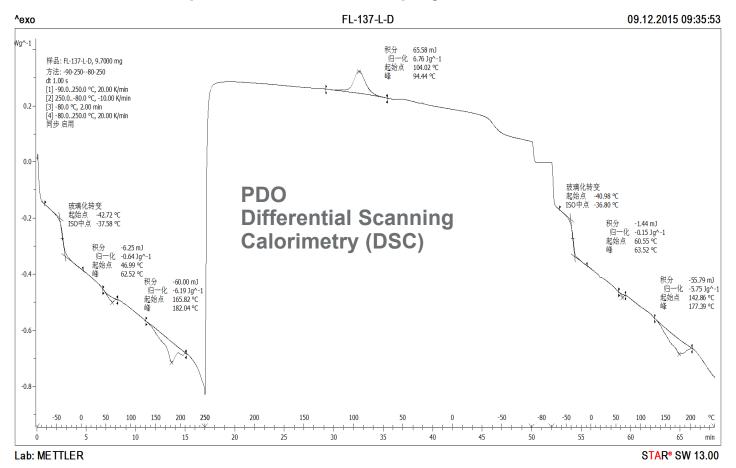
laurel.j.kronenberg@dupont.com

www.duponttateandlyle.com

Back-Up Slides



Elastomer physical properties for polyester TPU Chain Extender Example with AA/BDO/EG polyol





Elastomer physical properties for polyester TPU Chain Extender Example with AA/BDO/EG polyol

